CITY OF SAN JOSE 2004-2005 ADOPTED OPERATING BUDGET

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRACTICES

The following information summarizes the significant accounting practices of the City of San José.

Budgetary Basis

Except for encumbrances being recognized as expenditures, the budget has been prepared on a modified accrual basis. The modified accrual basis recognizes expenditures when the related fund liability is incurred. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Fund Structure and Basis of Accounting

The budget is prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped into three broad fund categories (governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary). A general description of each follows:

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. Governmental funds include the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Project funds of the City. These funds are maintained on a modified accrual basis where the measurement focus is on current financial resources method rather than upon net income.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds, which include Enterprise and Internal Service Funds, are used to account for the City's business-type activities. Proprietary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, this is the same as used for private-sector business enterprises. These funds are used where the City has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Fiduciary Fund Types

CITY OF SAN JOSE 2004-2005 ADOPTED OPERATING BUDGET

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRACTICES (CONT'D.)

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Fiduciary Fund Fiduciary Fund Types (Cont'd.)

Types include pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Investment trust funds are used to report on the external portion of investment pools. Private-purpose trust funds are used to report on trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Agency funds are used to account for resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Account Groups

Account groups, which are not "funds", are used to establish accounting control and accountability for the City's general fixed assets and general long-term debt. The General Fixed Asset Account Group was established to account for fixed assets of the City, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds. The General Long-Term Debt Account Group was established to account for all long-term debt of the City expected to be financed from governmental funds.